

7. Interfacing

Parallel Interfacing

Communication with a computer is accomplished through a parallel interface based on the Centronics standard.

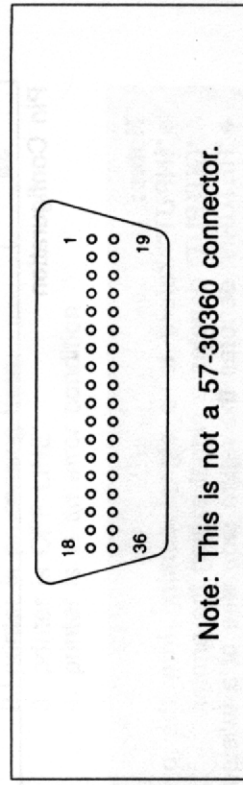
Specifications:

- data transfer speed: 1000 cps minimum
- synchronization: external STROBE pulse
- logic levels: TTL
- handshaking: BUSY and ACK signals
- connector type: 57-30360 (AMPHENOL) or equivalent
- cable: use a shielded cable 2 meters or less in length.

When the printer is processing data, the BUSY signal is high. The printer will not accept new data from the computer. After the processing is completed, the BUSY signal goes low. (The BUSY signal is also high when the printer is OFF LINE). When the busy signal occurs, the ACK signal goes low indicating to the computer that the data has been processed and the printer is ready to accept more data. This handshaking routine occurs each time a character is sent to the printer.

	BUSY	SLCT	PO	ERROR
ON LINE	LOW	HIGH	LOW	HIGH
OFF LINE	HIGH	LOW	LOW	LOW
PAPER OUT	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	LOW

Printer Status Signals



Parallel Interface Connector
(Printer side)

Signal pin	Return side pin	Signal	Direction
1	19	STB	Input
2	20	DATA 1	
3	21	DATA 2	
4	22	DATA 3	
5	23	DATA 4	
6	24	DATA 5	
7	25	DATA 6	
8	26	DATA 7	
9	27	DATA 8	
10	28	ACK	Output
11	29	BUSY	Output
12		PO	Output
13		SLCT	Output
14		AUTO FEED XT	Input
15			
16		SG	
17		FG	
18		+5 V	Output
31	30	PRIME	Input
32		ERROR	Output
33		SG	
34			
35			
36			

Pin Configuration

Notes:

- "INPUT" refers to a signal coming into the printer.
- "OUTPUT" denotes a signal exiting the printer.
- "RETURN" denotes the return side wire of a twisted pair cable and is connected to signal ground.
- All interface signals are at TTL levels.

Connector pin signals

STB...STROBE

- This is a synchronizing input signal to read data into the printer.
- This signal is normally high. Data is read in when it goes low.
- The pulse must be low for at least 1 microsecond.

DATA 1-DATA 8

- These are the input signals which carry the 8 data bits of information.
- The signal is read in synchronization with the STROBE pulse. A high level indicates a logical "1".
- The signal must be present 0.5 microsecond before and after the STROBE pulse.

ACK...ACKNOWLEDGE

- This is an output signal to the computer indicating that the printer is ready to receive the next block of data. It is sent out when the BUSY signal drops from high to low. Therefore, it can be thought of as a data request pulse.
- The signal is normally high. When the condition becomes true, the signal goes low.
- The ACK signal is automatically sent whenever the printer is switched ON LINE.

BUSY

- This output signal indicates the status of the printer. The signal is high when the printer is busy and cannot receive data.
- The signal is high under the following conditions:
 1. receive buffer full
 2. printer is processing data.
 3. printer is OFF LINE
 4. printer is in an error condition

PO...PAPER OUT

- This output signal indicates that paper out detector detects the absence of paper.
- The signal is normally low and goes high during a "Paper Out" condition.

SLCT...SELECT

- SELECT is an output signal which indicates the ON LINE or OFF LINE state of the printer. The signal is high in the ON LINE state and low when OFF LINE.
- The printer enters the ON LINE state:
 1. when the printer is turned on
 2. when PRIME is received
 3. when the RESET command is received
 4. when the ON LINE switch is pressed
- The printer enters the OFF LINE state:
 1. when the printer is out of paper
 2. when the printer is switched OFF LINE

AUTO FEED XT (AFXT)

- This input signal determines if a line feed (LF) command will be added to each carriage return (CR).
- When AFXT is low, CR+LF action occurs. When AFXT is high, only a carriage return is performed.
- DIP SW3 can alter the response by the printer to an AFXT signal. If SW3 is ON, the printer will perform a CR+LF regardless of the level of the incoming signal. When SW3 is OFF, this automatic action is disabled.

SG...SIGNAL GROUND

- The twisted pair return wires (pins 19-30) are connected to signal ground.

FG...FRAME GROUND

- Frame ground is the same as chassis ground.

+5 V

- This is for evaluation only. It should not be used to supply power for external equipment.

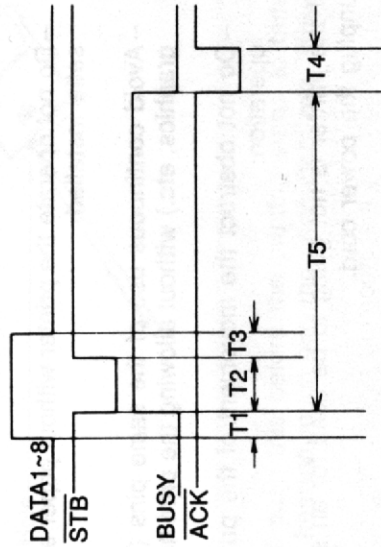
PRIME

- This input signal is used to initialize the printer. The signal is normally high and goes low to reset the printer. It can be received anytime during printer operation.

ERROR

- This output signal is an "error" or "fault" condition. Normally high, this signal goes low when an error occurs. An error condition can be caused by:
 1. a "Paper Out" condition
 2. the printer being OFF LINE

Timing Chart
(When normal printing code is received)



- T1...0.5μs (Min)
- T2...1μs (Min)
- T3...0.5μs (Min)
- T4...5μs (Max)
- T5...1ms or less when buffer is not full
1s or less when buffer full

Timing Diagram

8. Maintenance

The printer does not require any routine maintenance. However, reasonable care of the printer will extend its life. The following preventive and periodic measures are recommended:

Precautions

- Keep all liquids away from the printer. Accidental spillage of a liquid into the printer can cause severe damage.
- Do not block the air flow around the printer. Do not place books, paper, or other items on top of the printer.
- Special care should be taken to protect the printer if it is used in an unfriendly environment such as a machine shop, a dusty or sandy area, etc.
- The life of the printhead can be extended by observing a few simple precautions.

- Do not operate the printer without paper and a ribbon cassette installed.
- Avoid continuous use of the same pins (underline, semi-graphics, etc.) without allowing the print head time to cool.
- Do not obstruct the movement of the print head while in operation.
- If the printer is not going to be used for an extended period, unplug the power cord.

Periodic Maintenance

Cleaning the unit is the most important action the user can perform. The frequency of cleaning is dependent upon the environment.

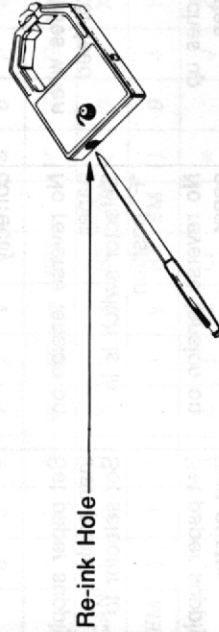
- Turn the power OFF.
- Clean the case and covers with a soft cloth. Use any mild commercial cleaner.

Maintenance

- Remove the top and the smoked plastic covers. Vacuum or dust the inside area of the unit. Be very careful not to damage the flex ribbon cable and the carriage drive belt.
- The platen should be cleaned with denatured alcohol only.
- The carriage guide bar can be lubricated with a very light oil.

Ribbon Cassette

A single ribbon permits the printing of about 4 million characters. When the printing starts to fade, gently push the counter spring in the ribbon cassette hole with the tip of a ballpoint pen or other object. Once the ribbon cassette is mounted onto the carriage and printing is performed for a short time, the characters become darker.



Note:

- Do not push this before the printing starts to fade. If the ribbon has too much ink, the characters may smear when printed.
- Wear and tear of the print head pins may cause serious damage of the ribbon and printing to fade. In such case the printer needs servicing.

Troubleshooting

Most problems associated with the printer can be traced to improper setup, installation, or cabling. The table on page 8-3 will assist the user in identifying and correcting some of the more common problems. If you need additional help, contact the store from which the unit was purchased.

Standard Mode Italic Character Set

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	NUL		SP	0	@	P	.	p			SP	0	@	P	'	p
1		DC1	!	1	A	Q	a	q		DC1	/	1	A	Q	a	q
2		DC2	~	2	B	R	b	r		DC2	^	2	B	R	b	r
3		DC3	#	3	C	S	c	s		DC3	#	3	C	S	c	s
4		DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t		DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t
5			%	5	E	U	e	u			%	5	E	U	e	u
6			&	6	F	V	f	v			&	6	F	V	f	v
7	BEL		'	7	G	W	g	w	BEL		'	7	G	W	g	w
8	BS CAN	(	8	H	X	x	h	x	BS CAN	(	8	H	X	x	h	x
9	HT EM	)	9	I	Y	y	i	y	HT EM	)	9	I	Y	y	i	y
A	LF	*	*	:	J	Z	j	z	LF	*	*	:	J	Z	j	z
B	VT ESC	+	;	;	K	[	k	|	VT ESC	+	;	;	K	[	k	|
C	FF	.	.	<	L	\	l	|	FF	.	.	<	L	\	l	|
D	CR	-	-	=	M	]	m	|	CR	-	-	=	M	]	m	|
E	SO	.	.	>	N	^	n	~	SO	.	.	>	N	^	n	~
F	SI	/	/	?	O	_	o	DEL	SI	/	/	?	O	_	o	DEL

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE SOLUTION
Printer does not power up	No AC Power Fuse blown	Check Power Cord Replace fuse
Power on but printer not printing	Printer not ON LINE Interface cable not connected	Press ON LINE switch Secure connection
Printer won't go ON LINE	Out of paper	Replace paper
Paper slips around platen	Paper feed selector in "T" position	Set selector to "F"
Head moves but does not print	Ribbon not installed correctly	Re-insert ribbon
Paper wrinkles when using tractor feed	No reverse tension on paper. Selector switch is in "F" position	Set paper supply lower than printer Set selector to "T"
Paper bunches up around platen	No reverse tension on paper	Set paper supply lower than printer
Cannot change form length	* Cut sheet feeder is ON	* Set CSF DIP switch as required
Printout double-spaced or no spacing	* Auto LF is ON	* Set Auto LF DIP switch as required
Cannot print ASCII characters with code above 127, italic characters printing	7 bit/8 bit switch set incorrectly on printer or interface	* Set DIP switch SW5 as required
Wrong character set printed	* Wrong character set selected	* Set DIP switch SW1, 6, 7, 8 as required
Cannot change print mode from computer	FONT and PITCH modes are set incorrectly	Set to Pgm mode Normal condition. Refer to Section 3.1

(* Pertains to DIP switch settings.)

Standard Mode Graphic Character Set 1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	NUL		SP	0	@	P	.	p			á	á	á	á	α	≡
1		DC1	!	1	A	Q	a	q			í	í	í	í	β	±
2		DC2	~	2	B	R	b	r			ó	ó	ó	ó	Γ	≥
3		DC3	#	3	C	S	c	s			ú	ú	ú	ú	π	≤
4		DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t			ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	Σ	∫
5			%	5	E	U	e	u			Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	σ	∫
6			&	6	F	V	f	v			á	á	á	á	μ	÷
7	BEL		'	7	G	W	g	w			ó	ó	ó	ó	τ	≈
8	BS CAN		(	8	H	X	h	x			¿	¿	¿	¿	Φ	•
9	HT EM		)	9	I	Y	i	y			—	—	—	—	θ	•
A	LF		*	:	J	Z	j	z			—	—	—	—	Ω	•
B	VT ESC		+	:	K	[	k	|			½	½	½	½	δ	√
C	FF		,	<	L	\	l	|			¼	¼	¼	¼	∞	°
D	CR		-	=	M	]	m	|			í	í	í	í	ø	²
E	SO		.	>	N	^	n	~			<<	<<	<<	<<	€	■
F	SI		/	?	O	_	o	DEL	SI		>>	>>	>>	>>	∪	SP

Standard Mode Graphic Character Set 2

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	NUL		SP	0	@	P	.	p	Ç	É	á	á	á	á	α	≡
1		DC1	!	1	A	Q	a	q	ü	æ	í	í	í	í	β	±
2		DC2	~	2	B	R	b	r	é	Æ	ó	ó	ó	ó	Γ	≥
3		DC3	#	3	C	S	c	s	á	ø	ú	ú	ú	ú	π	≤
4		DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t	ä	ö	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	Σ	∫
5			%	5	E	U	e	u	ä	ö	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	σ	∫
6			&	6	F	V	f	v	á	ú	á	á	á	á	μ	÷
7	BEL		'	7	G	W	g	w	ç	ü	ó	ó	ó	ó	τ	≈
8	BS CAN		(	8	H	X	h	x	é	ÿ	¿	¿	¿	¿	Φ	•
9	HT EM		)	9	I	Y	i	y	ë	Ö	—	—	—	—	θ	•
A	LF		*	:	J	Z	j	z	è	Ü	—	—	—	—	Ω	•
B	VT ESC		+	:	K	[	k	|	ï	Φ	½	½	½	½	δ	√
C	FF		,	<	L	\	l	|	ï	£	¼	¼	¼	¼	∞	°
D	CR		-	=	M	]	m	|	ï	¥	í	í	í	í	ø	²
E	SO		.	>	N	^	n	~	Ä	Pt	<<	<<	<<	<<	€	■
F	SI		/	?	O	_	o	DEL	Ä	f	>>	>>	>>	>>	∪	SP

IBM Mode Character Set 1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	NUL		SP	0	@	P	.	p			á				α	≡
1		DC1	!	1	A	Q	a	q		DC1	í				β	±
2		DC2	~	2	B	R	b	r		DC2	ó				Γ	≥
3			#	3	C	S	c	s			ú				π	≤
4		DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t		DC4	ñ				Σ	∫
5			%	5	E	U	e	u			Ñ				σ	
6			&	6	F	V	f	v			ä				μ	÷
7	BEL		'	7	G	W	g	w	BEL		ö				τ	≈
8	BS CAN		(	8	H	X	h	x	BS CAN		¿				Φ	•
9	HT		)	9	I	Y	i	y	HT						θ	•
A	LF		*	:	J	Z	j	z	LF						Ω	•
B	VT ESC		+	;	K	[	k	{	VT ESC		½				δ	√
C	FF		,	<	L	\	l	|	FF		¼				∞	°
D	CR		-	=	M	]	m	}	CR		í				ø	²
E	SO		.	>	N	^	n	~	SO		<<				ε	■
F	SI		/	?	O	_	o	°	SI		>>				∫	SP

IBM Mode Character Set 2

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	NUL		SP	0	@	P	.	p	Ç	É	á				α	≡
1		DC1	!	1	A	Q	a	q	ú	æ	í				β	±
2		DC2	~	2	B	R	b	y	é	Æ	ó				Γ	≥
3			#	3	C	S	c	s	â	ô	ú				π	≤
4		DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t	ä	ö	ñ				Σ	∫
5			%	5	E	U	e	u	à	ò	Ñ				σ	
6			&	6	F	V	f	v	á	û	ä				μ	÷
7	BEL		'	7	G	W	g	w	ç	ü	ö				τ	≈
8	BS CAN		(	8	H	X	h	x	ê	ÿ	¿				Φ	•
9	HT		)	9	I	Y	i	y	ë	Ö					θ	•
A	LF		*	:	J	Z	j	z	è	Ü					Ω	•
B	VT ESC		+	;	K	[	k	{	ï	€	½				δ	√
C	FF		,	<	L	\	l	|	í	£	¼				∞	°
D	CR		-	=	M	]	m	}	ì	¥	í				ø	²
E	SO		.	>	N	^	n	~	Ä	Pl	<<				ε	■
F	SI		/	?	O	_	o	°	À	f	>>				∫	SP

Note: In NLQ mode, the printer prints Pits for Pl.

IBM Mode All Character Set

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	0	▶	SP	0	@	P	◊	p	Q	É	á	⋮	L	⌌	α	≡
1	◊	◀	!	1	A	Q	a	q	ü	æ	í	▨	⌌	⌌	β	±
2	●	↕	~	2	B	R	b	r	é	Æ	ó	▨	⌌	⌌	Γ	≥
3	♥	!!	#	3	C	S	c	s	á	ô	ú	⌌	⌌	⌌	π	≤
4	♦	¶	\$	4	D	T	d	t	ä	ö	ñ	⌌	⌌	⌌	Σ	∫
5	♣	§	%	5	E	U	e	u	ä	ö	Ñ	⌌	⌌	⌌	σ	
6	♠	-	&	6	F	V	f	v	á	û	ä	⌌	⌌	⌌	μ	÷
7	•	⌌	'	7	G	W	g	w	ç	ù	ö	⌌	⌌	⌌	τ	≈
8	■	↑	(	8	H	X	h	x	é	ÿ	¿	⌌	⌌	⌌	Φ	•
9	○	↓	)	9	I	Y	i	y	ë	Ö	⌌	⌌	⌌	⌌	θ	•
A	◼	→	*	:	J	Z	j	z	è	Ü	⌌	⌌	⌌	⌌	Ω	•
B	♂	←	+	;	K	[	k	{	ÿ	€	½	⌌	⌌	⌌	δ	√
C	♀	⌌	.	<	L	\	l	|	í	£	¼	⌌	⌌	⌌	∞	"
D	♂	↔	-	=	M	]	m	}	ï	¥	ı	⌌	⌌	⌌	ø	²
E	♂	▲	.	>	N	^	n	~	Ä	Pt	<<	⌌	⌌	⌌	ε	■
F	♂	▼	/	?	O	_	o	△	Å	f	>>	⌌	⌌	⌌	∪	SP

Note: In NLQ mode, the printer prints Pts for Pt.

International Character Set

	n	35 _D 23 _H	36 _D 24 _H	64 _D 40 _H	91 _D 5B _H	92 _D 5C _H	93 _D 5D _H	94 _D 5E _H	96 _D 60 _H	123 _D 7B _H	124 _D 7C _H	125 _D 7D _H	126 _D 7E _H
USA	0	#	\$	@	[	\	\]	-	-	|	|	|	-
FRANCE	1	#	\$	á	•	ç	\$	-	-	é	ú	è	-
GERMANY	2	#	\$	\$	Ä	Ö	Ü	-	-	ä	ö	ü	ß
ENGLAND	3	£	\$	@	[	\	\]	-	-	|	|	|	-
DENMARK I	4	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	-	-	æ	ø	å	-
SWEDEN	5	#	¤	É	Ä	Ö	Å	Ü	é	ä	ö	å	ü
ITALY	6	#	\$	@	•	\	é	-	ù	á	ò	è	ì
SPAIN I	7	Pt	\$	@	ı	Ñ	¿	-	-	-	ñ	-	-
JAPAN	8	#	\$	@	[	¥	]	-	-	|	|	|	-
NORWAY	9	#	¤	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	ø	å	ü
DENMARK II	10	#	\$	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	ø	å	ü
SPAIN II	11	#	\$	á	ı	Ñ	¿	é	-	ı	ñ	ó	ú
LATIN AMERICA	12	#	\$	á	ı	Ñ	¿	é	ü	ı	ñ	ó	ú

Appendix B

Proportional Spacing Tables

ASCII Characters Standard Mode Characters

ASCII code	Char.	Width	
		Normal	Italic
0	a	12	11
1	ë	12	11
2	ü	11	11
3	ö	10	11
4	ï	8	8
5	•	8	8
6	£	12	12
7	ı	5	10
8	ç	12	11
9	ñ	12	12
10	ñ	11	12
11	α	12	12
12	π	12	12
13	À	12	12
14	Á	12	12
15	Ç	11	11
16	§	10	12
17	ß	11	11
18	Æ	12	12
19	æ	12	12
20	ø	12	11
21	ø	12	11
22	•	8	9
23	Ä	12	12
24	Ö	12	12
25	Ü	12	12
26	ä	12	11
27	ö	10	11
28	ü	11	12
29	È	12	12
30	É	12	11
31	¥	12	12
32	SPACE	12	12
33	!	5	10
34	•	8	10
35	#	12	12
36	\$	12	11
37	%	12	12
38	&	12	12
39	'	5	5
40	(	6	8
41	)	6	8
42	*	12	12
43	+	12	12

Unit: 1/120 inch (0.21 mm)

Appendix B

IBM Mode Characters

ASCII code	Char.	Width	
		Normal	Italic
0	a	12	12
1	ë	12	12
2	ü	12	12
3	ö	11	12
4	ï	8	11
5	•	8	11
6	£	12	12
7	ı	12	12
8	ç	12	12
9	ñ	12	12
10	ñ	12	12
11	α	12	12
12	π	12	12
13	À	12	12
14	Á	12	12
15	Ç	12	12
16	§	12	12
17	ß	12	12
18	Æ	12	12
19	æ	12	12
20	ø	12	12
21	ø	12	12
22	•	11	11
23	Ä	12	12
24	Ö	12	12
25	Ü	12	12
26	ä	12	12
27	ö	11	12
28	ü	12	12
29	É	12	12
30	Ê	12	12
31	¥	12	12
32	SPACE	5	8
33	!	8	12
34	•	8	12
35	#	12	12
36	\$	12	12
37	%	12	12
38	&	12	12
39	'	6	6
40	(	6	6
41	)	6	6
42	*	12	12
43	+	12	12
44	•	12	12
45	-	6	6
46	/	6	6
47	0	10	12
48	1	12	12
49	ı	8	8

Unit: 1/120 inch (0.21 mm)

IBM Graphic Characters Standard Mode Characters

ASCII code	Char.	Width	
		Normal	Italic
21	\$	10	12
128	Ç	12	12
129	ü	11	12
130	ë	12	11
131	ä	12	11
132	å	12	11
133	ä	12	11
134	ä	12	11
135	ç	11	11
136	ë	12	11
137	ë	12	11
138	ë	12	11
139	ï	8	8
140	ï	10	11
141	ï	8	8
142	Ä	12	12
143	Ä	12	12
144	E	12	12
145	æ	12	12
146	Æ	12	12
147	ö	10	12
148	ö	10	11
149	ö	10	11
150	ü	11	11
151	ü	11	11
152	ÿ	12	11
153	Ö	12	12
154	Ü	12	12
155	Ë	11	11
156	Ë	12	12
157	Ë	12	12
158	Ë	12	12
159	f	11	12
160	ä	12	11
161	ä	8	10
162	ö	10	11
163	ü	11	11
164	ü	11	12
165	ä	12	12
166	ä	12	11
167	ö	12	12
168	ö	12	12
169	ö	12	12
170	ö	12	12

Unit: 1/120 inch (0.21 mm)

IBM Mode Characters

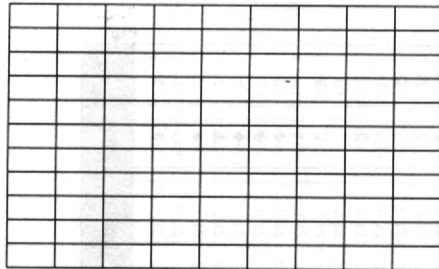
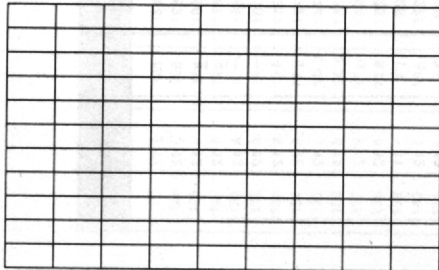
ASCII code	Char.	Width	
		Char.	Width
0	ø	ø	12
1	ø	ø	12
2	ø	ø	12
3	ø	ø	12
4	ø	ø	12
5	ø	ø	10
6	ø	ø	12
7	ø	ø	12
8	ø	ø	12
9	ø	ø	12
10	ø	ø	12
11	ø	ø	12
12	ø	ø	12
13	ø	ø	12
14	ø	ø	12
15	ø	ø	12
16	ø	ø	12
17	ø	ø	12
18	ø	ø	12
19	ø	ø	12
20	ø	ø	12
21	ø	ø	12
22	ø	ø	12
23	ø	ø	12
24	ø	ø	12
25	ø	ø	12
26	ø	ø	12
27	ø	ø	12
28	ø	ø	12
29	ø	ø	12
30	ø	ø	12
31	ø	ø	12
127	ø	ø	12
128	ø	ø	12
131	ø	ø	12
136	ø	ø	12
139	ø	ø	9
140	ø	ø	10
147	ø	ø	11
150	ø	ø	12
152	ø	ø	11
155	ø	ø	12
159	ø	ø	12
160	ø	ø	12
161	ø	ø	12

Unit: 1/120 inch (0.21 mm)

Appendix C

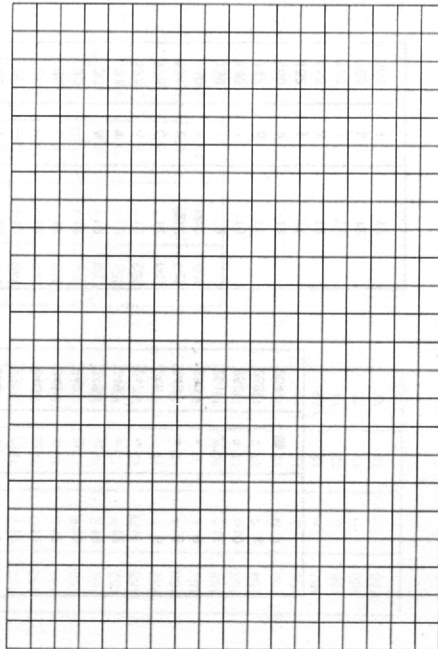
Download Character Matrix Blanks: Draft

11x9



Download Character Matrix Blanks: NLQ

18x23



Make copies of this page first. Then use blank matrices to design your down line load characters.

Appendix D

Paper

1. Continuous paper

A list of the paper which may be used with this unit is provided below.

Width: 4~10 inches (102~254 mm).

Quality and number of sheets: * only for the last sheet

Type of paper	Sheets	Weight			
		in lbs		in g/m ²	
		rear	bottom	rear	bottom
Fine-quality paper	1	16~24	16~22	60~90	60~83
Non-carbon	2~4	11~14	(17*)	41~53	(64*)
Multi-layered with carbon	2	11~14	(17*)	41~53	(64*)

Notes:

- For optimum paper handling, when using some types of thicker multi-part continuous paper, we suggest the use of the bottom feed paper path.
- When using multi-part continuous paper in environments which have very high or low temperature and/or humidity, we recommend the use of the bottom feed to optimize paper handling and print quality.
- In multi-layered paper with carbon, the carbon is equivalent to a sheet of paper.
- "Weight in pounds" represents the weight of 500 [17×22 inches (432×559 mm)] sheets.

2. Single Sheet

Width: 4~11.7 inches (102~297 mm)

Height: 5~14.3 inches (127~363 mm)

Weight in pounds (g/m²): 14~24 (53~90 g/m²)

Notes:

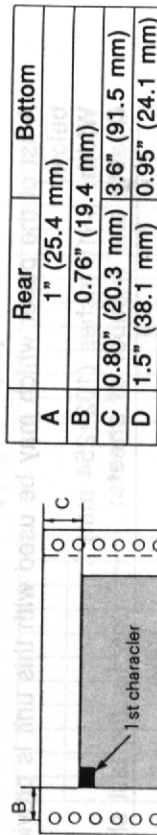
- The printer will handle multi-part papers up to 0.013 inch (0.32 mm) thick. Up to 4 copies of 14 lb. chemical release paper can be used.
- Paper should be within operating temperature and humidity ranges at least 24 hours prior to use.

3. Envelope

#10 size envelope is recommended. Since envelopes vary in size, paper weight and construction, we cannot guarantee print quality and paper handling for all types.

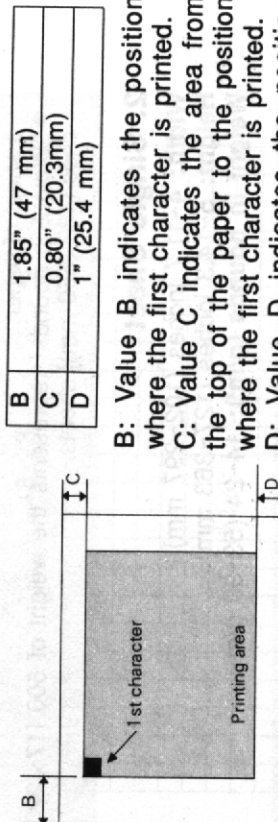
Printing Area

1. Continuous paper



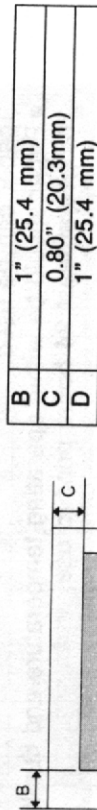
A: Value A indicates the positions near the paper perforations where the printing quality may not be optimum.
 B: Value B indicates the position where the first character is printed. (When the left tractor is set on the left end.)
 C: Value C indicates the area from the top of the paper to the position where the first character is printed.
 D: Value D indicates the position where paper out is detected.

2. Single Sheet



B: Value B indicates the position where the first character is printed.
 C: Value C indicates the area from the top of the paper to the position where the first character is printed.
 D: Value D indicates the position where paper out is detected.

Envelope



Software commands of Standard mode and IBM mode descriptions are not indexed here.

For page references for commands see pages 6-1 through 6-9 in section 6.

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OPTIONS and SUPPLIES

KX-P19
KX-P37
KX-P43
KX-P115

RS-232C/Current Loop Serial Interface Board
Auto Cut Sheet Feeder (Single bin)
32K Buffer Chip
Ribbon Cassette (Black)